#### Reconciling Ocean Heating and Reading Satellite Earth Radiation Budget estimates

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### Earth Radiation Budget Satellite Data





#### **Updated CERES satellite data**

 Issues with sampling, radiance to flux conversion, calibration, etc

 Correction for degradation of shortwave filter

 Correction also improves physical consistency of trends in daytime longwave



We used version CERES\_EBAF-TOA\_Ed2.6r; currently v2.8

Combining Earth Radiation Budget data and Ocean Heat Content measurements



- Variability relating to ENSO reproduced by CERES and ERA Interim
- Updated estimate of net energy imbalance 2000/03-2013/03: 0.60±0.43 Wm<sup>-2</sup>



Loeb et al. (2012) Nat. Geosci. See also Hansen et al. (2011) ACP



# Reconstructing global radiative fluxes prior to 2000



Use reanalyses or models to bridge gaps in record (1993 and 1999/2000)

- ERA Interim trends suspect. Use model...
- UPSCALE simulations (obs. SST, sea ice & realistic radiative forcings) "OBS<sub>B</sub>"
- Net less sensitive to method than OLR/ASR













## **Preliminary results**

- Heating of Earth continues at rate of ~0.6 Wm-2
- Current variability in TOA radiation (1985-2013)
- Net radiative flux imbalance fairly stable
  - Requires anchoring to ARGO ocean heating rate + minor terms
  - Influence of Pinatubo and ENSO
  - ~0.3 Wm<sup>-2</sup> higher in 1995-1999 than 2000-2013 period
- Distinct East Pacific signal in  $\Delta T$  and  $\Delta N$
- Radiative forcing alone can't explain surface warming slowdown: internal variability important
- Next steps: combining with reanalyses energy transports to estimate surface fluxes